AB453 21 Representing City and Zip Code Street Address or Route Number Name Please promptly return this slip to the Bill No. Subject -Date: Assembly Hearing Slip messenger at the committee. on Owale Speaking for information only: Neither for nor against: Registering against: Registering in favor: Speaking against: Speaking in favor: Assembly Sergeant at Arms 411 West, State Capitol Madison, WI 53708 8-8-01 (Please print plainly) AB 453 Provided by: Q

Assembly Hearing Slip (Please print plainly)
Date: August 8, 2001
Bill No. AB453 Or Subject
Rep. Bonnie Ladwia, Name 113West Street Address or Route Number
City and Zip Code
Representing
Speaking in favor:
Speaking against:
Registering in favor:
Registering against:
Speaking for information only: Neither for nor against:

Please promptly return this slip to the messenger at the committee.

Please promptly return this slip to the messenger at the committee.

Provided by:
Assembly Sergeant at Arms
411 West, State Capitol

Provided by:
Assembly Sergeant at Arms
411 West, State Capitol
Madison, WI 53708

-						Representing	Date: 8 Bill No. 4 Or Subject Name 27120 Street Address or BURCIA	D
	Speaking for information only: Neither for nor against:	Registering against:	Registering in favor:	Speaking against:	Speaking in favor:	iting	(Please print plainly) Date: 8-8-01 Bill No. 453 Or Subject ScH1W Name 27120 PIANK Street Address or Route Number Street Address or Route Number City and Zip Code	ssembly Hearing Slin
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Street Address or Route Number Representing City and Zip Code Subject -Chris Snyder W.T. Automobile strock bealist Madison, wI 53703 150 6. Gilmon St. St. A **Assembly Hearing Slip** Speaking for information only: Speaking against: Neither for nor against: Registering against: Registering in favor: Speaking in favor: Lamon Law (tox Reimbu かを 10/8/8 (Please print plainly)

Assembly Hearing Slip

(Please print plainly)

BIII No. 45-453

Date: 8-8-2001

SEN KimPlache

Name
361417465+
Street Address or Route Number

RACINE WI 53405

21st Sanate Rstrict.

Speaking in favor:

Speaking against:

Registering in favor:

Please promptly return this slip to the messenger at the committee.

Assembly Sergeant at Arms 411 West, State Capitol

Provided by:

Speaking for information only: Neither for nor against:

Registering against:

Please promptly return this slip to the

messenger at the committee.

Assembly Sergeant at Arms 411 West, State Capitol Provided by:

AB 453

Show proof of trade-in value.

POR supports amended bill.

In the event of a cur-purchase use trade-in, the trade-in value is deducted from gross-receipts. In bill as amended, if a second purchase is made after lemon, the trade-in value of the first purchase is carried forward.

Jun 1,2001 effective date

Assembly Committee on Ways and Means

Moved	by Wood	Seconded by_	Turn	er	
AD	SB	Clearinghous	e Rule	<u></u>	
	SJR				
	SR ndt	Other			
A/S Ar	ndt to A/S Amdt				
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Be rec	commended for:	☐ Indefinite	e Postponem	ent	
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Rej	ection				
	Committee Member	Aye	No	Absent	Not voti
1.	Rep. Mickey Lehman, chair	1			İ
2.	Rep. John Ainsworth, vice-chai	r 2			
3.	Rep. Suzanne Jeskewitz				
4.	Rep. Frank Lasee	3			
5.	Rep. Samantha Starzyk	4			
6.	Rep. Tom Sykora	15			
7.	Rep. Carol Owens	6			
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11.	Rep. Johnie Morris-Tatum	10			
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Assembly Committee on Ways and Means

AB	SB C1 SJR	lt	Rule/		
Int	croduction	Tabling Concurrence Nonconcurren			
☐ Rej	jection				
	Committee Member	Aye	No	Absent	Not voting
1.	Rep. Mickey Lehman, chair	l			
2.	Rep. John Ainsworth, vice-chair		7		
3.	Rep. Suzanne Jeskewitz				
4.	Rep. Frank Lasee	2			:
5.	Rep. Samantha Starzyk	3			
6.	Rep. Tom Sykora	4			
7.	Rep. Carol Owens	5			
8.	Rep. Luther Olsen	6			
9.	Rep. Wayne Wood	7			
10.	Rep. Bob Ziegelbauer	8			
11.	Rep. Johnie Morris-Tatum	9			
12.	Rep. Mark Pocan	lo			
13.	Rep. Bob Turner	l l			
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Totals

Assembly Republican Majority Bill Summary

AB 453: Sales Tax on Motor Vehicles

Relating to: sales tax on motor vehicles purchased after a consumer receives a refund undar a new motor vehicle warranty.

By Representatives Ladwig, Schneider, Stone, Albers, Bies, Freese, Gronemus, Gunderson, Hundertmark, Johnsrud, Krawczyk, Musser, Nass, Ott, Owens, Pettis, Powers, Skindrud, Staskunas, Sykora, Turner and Petrowski; cosponsored by Senator Plache.

Date: November 8th, 2001

BACKGROUND

Under current law, the "Lemon Law" provision provides a remedy for a consumer of a new motor vehicle which cannot be repaired. This provision requires the manufacturer to either replace the vehicle or give the consumer a full refund, including any sales tax paid by the consumer at the point of sale. The sales tax is calculated at 5% (plus any applicable local sales tax) of the difference between the purchase price of the vehicle and any vehicle the consumer traded in when he or she purchased the vehicle.

If a consumer uses a refund under the lemon law to purchase a different vehicle, the sales tax is calculated on the full purchase price of the replacement vehicle. Any sales tax saved on the purchase of the original vehicle by virtue of any trade-in is lost on the purchase of the replacement vehicle.

SUMMARY OF AB 453 AS AMENDED BY COMMITTEE

Under AB 453, if a consumer has received a refund under the lemon law for a vehicle purchase that was made with a trade-in and uses the refund to purchase a replacement vehicle, the amount of the trade-in from the prior purchase is carried forward for purposes of determining sales tax due on the replacement vehicle.

AMENDMENTS

Assembly Amendment 1 corrects a drafting error with the original bill. The bill, as originally drafted, would require the purchaser to pay sales tax only on the difference between the original vehicle's purchase price and the replacement vehicle's purchase price (if any). This would result in undue benefit to the purchaser. Assembly Amendment 1 corrects the draft to reflect the author's original intent that a purchaser be only responsible for the sales tax on the difference between the value of the original trade-in and the replacement vehicle price.

FISCAL EFFECT

A fiscal estimate prepared by the Department of Revenue indicates that there would be a decrease in revenues at the state and local level. At the state level, based on certain assumptions, the annualized decrease in revenue is estimated to be \$46,500. At the local level, this annualized decrease in revenue is estimated to be \$3,300.

PROS

- 1. This bill will safeguard the tax savings of a consumer purchasing a new vehicle and utilizing a trade-in vehicle for that purchase.
- 2. This bill does not provide the consumer (or the state) any undue enrichment.
- 3. The annualized decrease in revenue that would result with the passage of this legislation would be minimal.

CONS

1. State and local governments will realize an annualized decrease in revenues as a result of this bill.

SUPPORTERS

Rep. Bonnie Ladwig, author; Sen. Kimberly Plache, lead co-sponsor; Jeff Schimek; Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

OPPOSITION

There are no registrations in opposition to this legislation.

HISTORY

Assembly Bill 453 was introduced on June 26th, 2001, and referred to the Assembly Committee on Ways & Means. A public hearing was held on August 8th, 2001. On September 5th, 2001, the Committee voted 11-1 [Representative Ainsworth voting no, Representative Jeskewitz absent] to recommend passage of AB 453 as amended. On November 6th, 2001, the Joint Committee on Finance voted 16-0 to recommend passage of AB 453 as amended.

CONTACT: Andrew Nowlan, Office of Rep. Michael Lehman



2777 Stemmons Freeway . Suite 1425 Dallas, TX 75207 (214) 634-9100

Fax: (214) 634-2262

March 6, 2001

Ms. Jeffrey & Rachel Schimek 27120 Plank Rd Burlington, WI 53105-7973

VIN #: 1B7KF23W81J506822

Dear Ms. Schimek:

The breakdown of figures pertaining to the repurchase of your vehicle is as follows

Retail Sa	lles Price Aftermarket Accessories Added	Receipts Must Be Provided	\$29,260.00 \$0.00
	Taxes	·	\$395.76
	License & Title Fees		\$26.00
	Doc Fees		\$0.00
	Earned Finance Charge		\$696.34
	Service Contract		\$0.00
	Other:		\$0.00
Less Usa	ige Fee:		\$0.00
Less Reb	pate		\$1,000.00
Less Dan	nage		\$0.00
Deductio	n(s)		\$0.00
		TOTAL PAYOFF	\$21,387.48
		TOTAL TO OWNER	\$7,990.62

Please contact ISG immediately if you have any questions regarding the above figures. Thank you for cooperation in this matter. Should you have any questions concerning this transaction, please contact me at 800.215.6230.

Sincerely,

Reacquisition Coordinator, ISG



Committee Chair: Ways and Means

Memorandum

To:

Members, Assembly Ways and Means Committee

From:

Rep. Mickey Lehman

Date:

August 3rd, 2001

Re:

August 8th, Ways & Means Meeting

Attached please find two items for the August 8th Ways & Means Public Hearing. First is a memorandum from the Department of Revenue relating to Assembly Bill 453. The second item is an amendment (not introduced) to AB 453 from Rep. Ladwig addressing the concerns DOR outlined in their memo.

Also attached please find a memo from WMC relating to Assembly Bill 439, which received a public hearing before Ways & Means on July 25th.



STATE REPRESENTATIVE WISCONSIN STATE ASSEMBLY

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

November 8, 2001

CONTACT: Rep. Dan Schooff 608/201-1513

Schooff Amendment Saves Consumer Dollars

Amendment makes sales rebates and coupons tax-exempt

CAPITOL – Rep. Dan Schooff today passed an amendment on the Assembly floor to make manufacturers' rebates and coupons on all merchandise tax exempt. The law requires the Department of Revenue to charge sales tax based on the final price paid for products. Currently the department charges sales tax based on the merchandise's sticker price.

"The State of Wisconsin has no right to charge people additional sales tax on costs that do not exist," Schooff said. "Currently if someone buys a new car worth \$20,000 and receives a manufacturer's rebate or coupon bringing the price down to \$15,000, then they must pay \$250 in additional taxes. This legislation eliminates an unjustifiable tax on consumers."

The legislation would have a large impact on GM employees, who have to pay taxes on the employee discounts they receive on GM vehicles. Passage of this legislation will potentially save employees hundreds of dollars on the purchase of a car or other large item. It will also save money for all consumers who purchase goods with a manufacturer's rebate or coupon.

"Wisconsin taxpayers pay their fair share of taxes already," Schooff said. "It is very important to closely watch our taxes and make sure citizens aren't being overcharged."

"This is a common sense idea that has the potential to stimulate buying in our economy," Schooff continued. "Simply put, this legislation gives consumers more buying power."

The legislation passed the State Assembly today 97 to 1, and now goes to the Senate. Rep. Schooff introduced the proposal as an amendment to Assembly Bill 453. The amendment is identical in wording to Assembly Bill 15, originally introduced by Rep. Mickey Lehman.

-MORE-

HOME
744 Wisconsin Avenue
Beloit, Wisconsin 53511-5537
608-365-8157
Rep.Schooff@legis.state.wi.us

STATE CAPITOL
Post Office Box 8953
Madison, Wisconsin 53708-8953
888-534-0045 or 608-266-9967
Fax: 608-282-3645

BILL SUMMARY:

Under current law, the state imposes a sales tax on all retailers at the rate of 5% of the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property. The retailer generally passes the sales tax on to the consumer. The state also imposes a use tax on all consumers, at the rate of 5% of the sales price for the use or storage of tangible personal property in this state that the consumer either purchases from out—of—state retailers or purchases without paying the appropriate sales tax. Under current law, when a consumer either purchases tangible personal property that qualifies for a manufacturer's rebate, the consumer pays either a sales tax or a use tax on the original price of the tangible personal property rather than on the price as reduced by the manufacturer's rebate.

Under this bill, when a consumer purchases tangible personal property that qualifies for a manufacturer's rebate, the consumer pays either a sales tax or a use tax on the price of the tangible personal property as reduced by the manufacturer's rebate rather than on the original price.



WISCONSIN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AMENDMENT MEMO

2001 Assembly Bill 453

Assembly Amendments 1 and 2

Memo published: November 9, 2001

Contact: William Ford, Senior Staff Attorney (266-0680)

Assembly Bill 453 allows a person who purchases a motor vehicle (the "replacement vehicle") after having received a refund from a manufacturer for a motor vehicle determined to be a "lemon" under the state lemon law to reduce the amount of sales tax paid on the purchase of the replacement vehicle by the amount of sales tax that was previously saved when he or she traded in a motor vehicle towards the purchase of the motor vehicle determined to be a lemon.

Assembly Amendment 1 clarifies the intent of Assembly Bill 453 and requires that the replacement vehicle be purchased within 60, rather than 180, days after receiving a refund under the lemon law in order to credit the amount of sales tax paid on the trade-in vehicle against the purchase of the replacement vehicle. In addition, Assembly Amendment 1 addresses some technical concerns raised by the Department of Revenue and provides that the sales tax credit for the trade-in vehicle may not exceed the sales tax imposed on the purchase of the replacement vehicle and that the credit can only be used to reduce the gross receipts on a replacement vehicle once.

Assembly Amendment 2 provides that a manufacturer's rebate that reduces the amount paid to the retailer of that property at the time of sale is not included in gross receipts for purposes of determining the sales tax.

Under current law, the sales tax is imposed on the gross *receipts* from the sale of tangible personal property and certain taxable services. Because of this, it is the amount of money received by the retailer, rather than the amount paid by the buyer, that determines the amount of the sales tax.

Currently, the Department of Revenue treats a manufacturer's rebate as an amount received by the retailer and imposes the sales tax on that amount, even though the amount is not paid by the buyer. Because the buyer pays the sales tax, he or she has to pay an amount of sales tax based on a sales price that may be higher than what he or she paid for the item.

Assembly Amendment 1 was adopted by the Assembly Committee on Ways and Means by a vote of Ayes, 12, Noes, 0, and Assembly Bill 453 was recommended for passage, as amended, by a vote of Ayes, 11, Noes, 1, on September 17, 2001. Assembly Amendment 2 was adopted by the Assembly on a voice vote on November 8, 2001.

WF:rv:jal;wu

set Bill as amend would never return more money to the purchaser than the purchaser initially paid. 439 -> Amend 45-3

Car 1 \$25ksficker

Stroker 25,000

Less Trade-in 10,000

Amount due 15,000

tax 750
Purchaser 15,750

Car is a Lemon

Check from Maruf \$25,750

Car 2 \$23,000

Sticker \$23,000

Credit oftrade 10,000

Amount Due 13,000

tax 650 Purchaser 13,650

Assembly Bill 453

Joe Schmoe purchases a new vehicle for \$20,000. Since Joe has a \$5,000 trade-in to apply towards the price, Joe pays \$750 in sales tax, which is 5% of the \$15,000 difference between the price of the new vehicle (\$20,000) and the value of the trade-in (\$5,000).

The new vehicle has enough serious problems that it is a lemon. Joe returns the vehicle and the manufacturer refunds Joe the \$15,000 purchase price of vehicle plus the \$750 sales tax paid.

Joe purchases a replacement vehicle for \$20,000 (the same purchase price as the lemon). Since Joe no longer has a trade-in to apply towards the purchase price, he pays \$1,000 in sales tax. So Joe has had the misfortune to buy a lemon and then has to pay an additional \$250 in sales tax on the replacement vehicle.

If Joe had been an ordinary buyer and had not purchased a lemon, he would have paid \$750 in sales tax, which is 5% of the difference between the purchase price of the vehicle and the value of his trade-in. The diagram below uses \$750 as a benchmark to compare current law and AB 453.

Current Law

Joe pays \$1,000 in sales tax on the replacement vehicle $($1,000 = 5\% \times $20,000)$.

When Joe had a \$5,000 tradein, he only paid \$750. So, Joe is \$250 worse off for having had a lemon.

Net loss/gain to customer:

- \$250

Under AB 453

Joe pays sales tax only on the difference between the price of the replacement vehicle (\$20,000) and the price of the lemon (\$20,000). Since \$20,000 - 20,000 = \$0, Joe would owe no sales tax.

If Joe were an ordinary buyer, he would have paid \$750 in sales tax. Since Joe pays \$0 in sales tax under AB 453, Joe is \$750 better off.

Net loss/gain to customer:

+750

Under AB 453, Amended

Joe pays sales tax on the difference between the purchase price of the replacement vehicle (\$20,000) and the value of the trade-in on the lemon (\$5,000). Thus Joe pays \$750 sales tax on the \$15,000 difference.

Joe pays the same amount of sales tax (\$750) as on his original purchase. Joe is treated like any other buyer and is no worse nor better off.

Net loss/gain to customer:

\$0



State of Wisconsin

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LEGAL SECTION: (608) 2 REFERENCE SECTION: (608) 2 FAX: (608) 2 100 NORTH HAMILTON STREET P. O. BOX 2037 MADISON, WI 53701-2037

STEPHEN R. MILLER CHIEF

July 12, 2001

MEMORANDUM

To:

Representative Ladwig

From:

Peggy Hurley, Legislative Attorney, (608) 266-8906

Joseph T. Kreye, Legislative Attorney, (608) 266-2263

Subject:

Technical Memorandum to 2001 AB-453 (LRB 01-2209/1)

We received the attached technical memorandum relating to your bill. This copy is for your information and your file. If you wish to discuss this memorandum or the necessity of revising your bill or preparing an amendment, please contact me.

MEMORANDUM

July 12, 2001

TO:

Peggy Hurley and Joseph Kreye Legislative Reference Bureau

FROM:

Dennis Collier

Department of Revenue

SUBJECT:

Technical Memorandum on 2001 AB 453 Regarding Sales Tax on Vehicles

Purchased Subsequent to a Lemon Law Refund

Under current law, sales tax is imposed on the amount of the difference between the purchase price of a motor vehicle and the trade-in value, if any. If the purchaser returns the vehicle to the manufacturer under the lemon law, the sales tax is refunded. If the purchaser subsequently buys a replacement vehicle, sales tax is imposed on the entire purchase price of that vehicle, with no allowance for the value of the purchaser's trade-in on the lemon.

Under the bill, if the purchaser buys a replacement vehicle within 180 days of receiving a lemon law refund, sales tax is imposed only on the amount of the difference between the price of the replacement vehicle and the price of the lemon. Thus, for the replacement vehicle, sales tax is not paid on an amount equal to the purchase price of the lemon under the bill.

We suggest that the bill be amended so that sales tax is imposed on the amount of the difference between the purchase price of the replacement vehicle and the trade-in value on the lemon. With this amendment, the sales tax on a replacement vehicle will be comparable to the tax on other motor vehicle purchases.

If you have questions regarding this technical memorandum, please contact Blair Kruger at 266-1310 or bkruger@dor.state.wi.us.

DC:BPK

Wisconsin Department of Administration Division of Executive Budget and Finance DOA-2048 (R07/2000)

Fiscal Estimate - 2001 Session

☑ Original □ ∪	Jpdated Corrected Supp	olemental
LRB Number 01-2209/1	Introduction Number AB-45	n
Subject	Introduction Number AB-45	3
Sales tax on vehicles purchased subs	sequent to lemon law refund	
Fiscal Effect		
State: No State Fiscal Effect Indeterminate Increase Existing Appropriations Decrease Existing Appropriations Create New Appropriations	Increase Existing Revenues Decrease Existing Revenues Increase Costs - May be absorb within agency's be absorbed within agency within agency a	possible to budget
Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs 4.	Decrease Revenue Permissive Mandatory Counties Others School Districts Districts	Cities Ballpark & stadium districts
7 on	Affected Ch. 20 Appropriatio RS SEG SEGS 20.835(4)(g), (gd) and (ge)	ns
gency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date
OR/ Blair Kruger (608) 266-1310	Dennis Collier (608) 266-5773	7/12/01
		1112/01

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 7/12/01

LRB Number 01-2209/1	Introduction Number AB-453	Estimate Type	
Subject		LStimate Type	Original
Sales tax on vehicles purchase	d subsequent to lemon law refund		
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Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under current law, sales tax is imposed on the amount of the difference between the purchase price of a motor vehicle and the trade-in value, if any. If the purchaser returns the vehicle under the lemon law, the sales tax is refunded. Also under current law, if the purchaser buys a vehicle to replace the lemon, sales tax is imposed on the entire purchase price of the replacement vehicle; the sales tax is not reduced for the value of the purchaser's trade-in on the lemon.

Under the bill, if the person buys a replacement vehicle within 180 days of returning a lemon to the manufacturer, sales tax is imposed only on the amount of the difference between the price of the replacement vehicle and the value of the purchaser's trade-in on the lemon. Thus, under the bill, sales tax would not be collected on the value of the trade-in on a lemon.

Based on a sample of 35 lemon law refunds, the average value of the trade-in on a lemon is about \$11,200. Therefore, sales taxes would decrease by about \$560 (\$11,200 x 5%) per replacement vehicle under the bill. The Department refunded sales tax on 65 and 101 lemons in FY00 and FY01, respectively. Assuming an average of 83 lemon law refunds per year, sales taxes would decrease by about \$46,500 (\$560 x 83) per year under the bill.

County, ballpark and stadium sales taxes are expected to be 7.064% of state sales taxes in 2001 and so these local sales taxes would decrease by about \$3,300 (\$46,500 x 7.064%) per year under the bill.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Wisconsin Department of Administration Division of Executive Budget and Finance DOA-2047 (R07/2000)

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2001 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

	dated Corrected	Supplemental
LRB Number 01-2209/1	Introduction Number	AB-453
Subject		
Sales tax on vehicles purchased subse	equent to lemon law refund	
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacannualized fiscal effect):	ts for State and/or Local Government (d	o not include in
II. Annualized Costs:	Annualized Fiscal	Impact on funds from
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs
A. State Costs by Category		Decreased Costs
State Operations - Salaries and Fring	ges \$	
(FTE Position Changes)	「「「「「「」」」 「「「」 「「」 「」 「「」 「」 「」 「」 「」 「」	
State Operations - Other Costs		
Local Assistance		
Aids to Individuals or Organizations		
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$	
B. State Costs by Source of Funds		
GPR		
FED		
PRO/PRS		
SEG/SEG-S	7 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
III. State Revenues - Complete this or (e.g., tax increase, decrease in licens		
GPR Taxes	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev
GPR Earned		<u> </u>
FED		
PRO/PRS (20.835(4)(g) et al)		
SEG/SEG-S		-46,500
TOTAL State Revenues		10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	\$ NNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT	\$-46,500
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	State \$	<u>Local</u>
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$-46,500	\$ 0.000
The second secon	φ-40,500	\$- 3,300
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date
OOR/ Blair Kruger (608) 266-1310	Dennis Collier (608) 266-5773	7/12/01
		1/12/01